

CPSC 100





CPSC 100

Computational Thinking

Syllabus + Introduction

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Land Acknowledgement

I acknowledge that I am presenting this session today on the traditional, ancestral, and unceded territory of the xwməθkwəÿəm (Musquem) peoples.





Plan for Today

- About Me
- About You
- Syllabus
- Computation Thinking







Firas Moosvi

Lecturer

University of British Columbia









Biography

I am a Lecturer in the Computer Science department at the University of British Columbia. Though I mainly teach computer science now, I am a multidisciplinary educator with a PhD in Physics and is also interested in data science and education in general. I strongly believe in computational literacy for all and aims to make STEM courses accessible through Active Learning techniques and open education resources. My two main research umbrellas are the scholarship of teaching and learning (SoTL), and Learning Analytics. I am looking at how learning analytics data can provide insight to surface and ultimately reduce inequities in STEM programs. I am also heavily invested in promoting and implementing alternative grading systems in large classes, at scale. I am always happy to collaborate on teaching and learning projects, drop me a note here!

Interests

- Scholarship of teaching and learning
- · Authentic assessments
- · Alternative grading paradigms
- Learning analytics
- Data visualization and science communication

Education



MSc in Medical Biophysics, 2012 University of Toronto

BSc in Biophysics, 2009 University of British Columbia

Research Interests



Learning Technologies

Use of learning technologies to enhance teaching and learning.



Equity in STEM

Developing and implementing methods of inclusive teaching to reduce systemic inequities in STEM education.



Active Learning

A learning method that de-emphasizes didactic teaching and actively engages students with material via problem solving, case studies, role plays and other methods.



Visualizations

Representing data using effective graphs, plots, and other special visualizations.



Learning Analytics

Extracting trends from learner data using analytical tools to improve learning.



Alternative Grading

Challenging the systems and structures associated with traditional grading in higher education.



Learning Goals



What are Learning Goals?



Learning Goals

A learning goal is designed to tell you what information you should learn about a topic

- At the beginning of the topic, the learning goal may not even make any sense
- By the end of a topic, it should help you know what to study



Learning Goals for the course



Learning Goals

At the highest level, this courses has three main goals.

Students who complete this course will be able to

- explain foundational computing concepts,
- explore applications built on these foundations,
- describe the implications of the applications.



How are you going to learn?



How to learn?

The best way to learn is by doing

Weekly Labs - in labs you will

- Get hands-on practice with a computer
- Work on projects

"Lectures" will involve

- Doing exercises
- Discussing the readings (in small and large groups)
- Hearing concepts explained
- Answering clicker Questions



What does this mean for you?

You will need to read and review slides for the next class before coming to class.

Sometimes, there will be assigned pre-class readings or videos.

You need to come to class prepared to do things:

- Bring a web-enabled device (tablet, laptop, even a phone will do)
- Follow-along the slides posted on the course website
- Be prepared to be ACTIVE!



About this course



About this course

CPSC 100 - Computational Thinking [3]

Monday / Wednesday / Fridays, 4-5 PM in MCML 360

- "Lectures" will involve:
 - In class activities on PrairieLearn
 - Clickers by show of hands
 - Discussions



What this course includes **W**

Week of



Course Schedule

This is the tentative plan for CPSC 100 this term. Thin subject to change.

Tonic

	week	week of	Торіс
	1	Sep 1	Introductions
Algorithms & Programming	2	Sep 8	Algorithms and Using Al
	3	Sep 15	Algorithms and Programming
	4	Sep 22	Programming
Data & Internet	5	Sep 29	Data Representation
	6	Oct 6	Internet and HCI
	7	Oct 13	Catch-up Week
AI & Data Mining	8	Oct 20	Artificial Intelligence
	9	Oct 27	Artificial Intelligence
	10	Nov 3	Data Mining
	11	Nov 10	Fall reading break
Data Provenance & Visualization	12	Nov 17	Data Provenance
	13	Nov 24	Data Visualization
	14	Dec 1	Final Projects

Wook



What this course is NOT X

1) A typical Computer Science course

You will do more reading/writing than coding

2) A coding-based course

You will not really be programming (only block-based)

3) An "easy A"

Course is set up reward students who do the work!







Course Logistics

Course website

firas.moosvi.com/courses/cpsc100/2025W1

Communication

Ed Discussion (join via link on Canvas)

It is your responsibility to check Ed for announcements

At least once a day!



Class Etiquette



Course Etiquette

Be professional, respectful and thoughtful

Attend class on time and prepared

Don't distract others

Please stay home if you are not feeling well

Review posted course material

Contact classmates to catch up



Professionalism

A high level of professionalism in expected

Respectful communication in class, emails, etc.

A typical Ed Discussion Post:

Tag the post correctly (Lab, LL, Test, Logistics, etc.)

A greeting, a clear message, a closing

Using ChatGPT for posts is NOT recommended

Blatant violations of this will be returned for revision



My Expectations of you

Reach out if you need help

Academic, mental health, etc.

Be honest

Academic integrity, always ask if you're unsure

Be a considerate team member

Attend (on-time) and participate in meetings Do your share of the job, well and on time.



Syllabus Review



Computational Thinking



What is Computational Thinking?

"Computational thinking is the **thought processes** involved in formulating problems and their solutions so that the solutions are in a form that can be effectively carried out by an information-processing agent" [Cuny, Snyder, Wing 10].



DECOMPOSITION

Breaking down problems into smaller, easier parts.



PATTERN RECOGNITION

Using patterns in information to solve problems.



ABSTRACTION

Finding information that is useful and taking away any information that is unhelpful.



MODELLING AND SIMULATION

Trying out different solutions or tracing the path of information to solve problems.



ALGORITHMS

Creating a set of instructions for solving a problem or completing a task.



EVALUATION

Assessing a solution to a problem and using that information again on new problems.



ACTIVITY (Groups of 5)

Discuss in your groups the following question:

Which of the 6 computational thinking skills do you think are the most important (rank them)?

Which do you think are the most intuitive?







Wrap up



Wrap Up

- Due Friday at 6 PM:
 - First lab (Lab 0) to be done on your own
 - Learning log (LL0)
 - Syllabus Quiz (Test 0) not for real marks
- Labs start next week
- First test (Test 1) is next week!